

My dear Sir

My Father bids
me send you a check for
3000 \$ for the use of the
Institute of Technology.

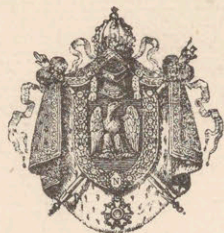
With the Compliments of the
Season I have the honor to
remain
Yours faithfully

Augustus Lowell

Corlath Street
July '68

EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE DE 1867

A PARIS.



La Commission Impériale

offre
à M^r. W. B. Rogers,
Membre de la Commission des Etats-Unis d'Amérique

deux Médailles

en témoignage des Services rendus
à l'oeuvre internationale.

Paris, le 5 Janvier 1868.

Le Sénateur, Commissaire général,

H. Le Play

2/

Washington Jan'y 6th 1868.

Prof. Rogers

My dear Sir.

Will you do me the kindness to write a note to the Hon. Commissioner of Public Lands, and send it to me at this place, recommending me as a suitable person to take charge of one of the Government Geological Surveys, to ^{be} started in the Western Territories next season? If you think me qualified for such a position, and have no objections to giving me such a recommendation, please say as much as you think you can consistently in my behalf, and enclose in an envelope addressed "to J. B. Meek or Prof. Joseph Henry", as I may be absent when it arrives. Prof. Henry and all here, as well as Prof. Dana and all my friends at New Haven, will do all they can for me.

I am just completing my Report

on the fossils recently collected by Hayden
Dunoy in Nebraska, from the so-called
Dyas of Marcon Giverty. I give full
descriptions and figures of about 100
species. Not many of them are new, but
a considerable number of them have never
been figured before. There will be seven or
eight plates, and the Commissioner says
they shall be engraved in the highest style
of art. When this comes out, I am willing
to leave the disputed point in regard to
the Dyas, to be settled by Geologists.

In a short time, I expect to start to
Illinois to prepare the descriptions of the
fossils to be published in the third volume
of that state.

Wishing you a happy new year, I
remain Very truly yours
G. B. Meek

Answer -
July 15, 1868

collected in the
on the de-
of the
of about 100
of them are very
a considerable number of them have
figures before. There will be
eight factors and the
they shall be compared in the
of out. When this comes
to name the distinct point in regard to
the object to be written by
as a short time before to
obtain to perform the
of the

Thank you a happy new year,
I remain very truly yours,
D. P. Mack

ES

Chestnut
Jan'y 13th 1868

My dear Sir,

I trust that you will pardon my apparent indifference to your recent kind invitation. I did not reply to it because I was in hopes that I might be able to enjoy the privilege of being at your house to meet the friend of Philadelphia. I desire also to assure you that my habitual

absence from the meetings
of the "Institute" is not
owing to a want of
interest in or appreciation
of the great value of
its system of instruction
On the contrary, I feel
gratified by the reflection
that I had the privilege
of being somewhat
identified with its
earliest history; & I
cannot doubt that the
able & devoted labors
which you have given
to it from the first
will insure its permanent

usefulness to the community
Whenever I can conveniently
relieve myself from
duties both onerous
& absorbing to my
time & strength, I shall
esteem it no ordinary
privilege to attend the
meetings & lectures of
the "Institute."

I accept my
thanks for your kind
invitation & believe me
as ever

With respect
Yours
O. J. Taber

Prof. W. B. Rogers

John M. Torrey

41
Stockbridge Feb 8/68

My Dear Sir

I am now engaged in giving lectures on Engineering subjects where I can obtain appreciative audiences - I had good success in one before the Franklin Institute at Philadelphia on pile foundations - It will be published in the February number of the Journal

Another in New York on Bridging our Western Rivers, and another in Chicago on the same subject

I am engaged to deliver one on foundations etc in New York next Thursday and soon after one at Albany, of which the subject is not yet determined -

These are of course free lectures and at all of them I write descriptions. I would be happy to give one in Boston this winter, if it should be desired by any of the profession or those interested.

My object is to place in the hands of the profession the results of my varied experiences in different branches - and I find that an oral

statement seems to obtain
more attention than a written
and published one.

I see by the newspapers that
a large Bridge is designed
at Boston, when the foundation
will involve unusual diffi-
culties.

Upon this subject I feel quite
at home and would be glad
of an opportunity to discuss the
questions involved.

In my Phil^a lecture I treated
of this subject at great length
and demonstrated that in many
cases Iron piles could be substi-
tuted for wooden ones at even
less cost and give absolute
security. That if the Iron is
selected of proper quality it is
almost wholly incorrosive ^{even} in
salt water - as is abundantly
shown by the Iron piles which
have been in use in England
for half a century and now show
no signs of corrosion —

Dear and my friend Mr. Boston City architect
Mr. J. M. Chapman

Wm M. Allison

more extensive than a certain
and published over
of the of the new paper that
a large number is designed
of Boston, where the foundation
will involve several other

But this subject I feel quite
of some great amount of the great
of our government to do in the
question involved
In my view - a return to the
of this subject of great length
and show that that in many
cases our fair could be made
with for wooden one at least
less cost and give additional
benefit. That if the door is
subject of paper quality it is
without totally unnecessary, in
dirt water - as is abundantly
shown by the door frame which
have been in use in England
for half a century and over
the signs of corrosion

Boston Feb. 15. 1848.

To the Hon^{ble}. Commissioners
of Public Lands.

Dear Sir:

A sense of the great
importance of the Gov^{ts} Geol.
Surveys in their Scientific as
well as economical bearings
prompt me to ask your
attention to the eminent
qualifications of W. F. B. Meek
for the Directorship of one
of these Surveys.

Mr. Meek's large experience
as an explorer in our Western
Geology & his unsurpassed
familiarity with the

Palaeontology of North-
America in general
have given him the
distinction of a scientific
authority ^{and} questioning
of American Geology, and
could not fail to make
his services in the
Capacity refer'd to ~~productive~~
~~of much good~~ substantially
useful as well as honorable
to the County.

Trusting that you may
be inclined to award yourself
of the ~~distinction~~ of his
superior judgment in making
your appointment. I remain

Patentology of the
Commissioner of
some good things
the history of a
authority in
of the
could not fail to
be secured in the
capacity of
hopeful to be
to the

Trust that you
will find it
of the
I hope you
will find it

Prof W. B. Rogers

Dr Sir

My son has
been preparing to enter the sophomore
class of your school of Pedagogy

His teacher fails him now
and I am desirous of entering him
in the present class if an examina-
tion should prove him to be suffi-
ciently advanced in his studies

Will you permit him to do
so? I am told they admit
members to the Troy school in this
manner. He is 18 years of age and
I am feeling anxious to have
him moving along in his studies

Respectfully
Yours

W. C. Sparrow

Mattapowett Mass. Feb 16 1868

Dr. W. E. Warner

Protestant

873.20

(P)

Yarmouth, Me., Feb. 15., 1868.

Dear President:

If you deem me worthy such a favor, I should be very glad to receive a recommendation or certificate of commendation from you.

I am still looking for employment and, unless I find a reasonable prospect of work here, shall soon go West.

With the most pleasant recollections of you and of the Institute, I remain, sincerely,

Your obedient servant
Charles S. Trine,
Yarmouth, Me.

Answered -

July 27. 1868.

(X)

New Haven Conn.

Feb. 20th 1848

My dear Sir,

Enclosed I send you the Examination papers of the Mining class, list of questions and the marks on the several papers.

I have endeavored to give as accurately as possible the relative merit but lest I may have failed to do so from want of Experience in such matters I would like that some one else should review my work.

It would seem to be fair to advance Smith's average to say 75. in view of the full

answers given to many
of the questions and the
certainty that he could have
given satisfactory answers
to the last two. -

Richards was absent the
early part of the course and
was probably unable from
the notes of others to make
himself familiar enough
with the subjects of the
first three questions. -

100 is taken as the highest
attainable mark. -

The absolute merit of
each as compared with
100 I have been less particular
about as I did not know
the standards of excellence

in other departments. -

I trust it will prove
satisfactory to you. -

Believe me

Very dear Professor

Very respectfully
Yours

August Lockwood

Prof. W. B. Rogers
Dept. of Tech. -

Boston.

[Faint, illegible handwriting, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]

The absent merit of
back as compared with
the other two has been
point as I did not know
the other side of business

Boston July 21/68
 Rest W. B. Rogers.

My Dear Sir

Your favor
 of the 20th advising me of the
 decision of the Faculty in re-
 lation to my son came to hand
 last eve.

I have recd no report
 from the Sect^y in relation to the
 standing of my son up to this
 time.

My son entered the Institute
 a year behind the studies of his
 class which discouraged him, and I
 hoped by close application he would
 be able to make up so as to be ready
 for the 2nd years, regular course: - but

I am aware he has not applied himself, but manifested indifference and accomplished but little.

He has however been led to see the folly of his course, and is inclined to apply himself to study in future. I have been to great expense and am very anxious to have my son take a 4 years course at your Institute, and though I do not wish to embarrass the Faculty, I respectfully ask permission to let my son continue his connection, in English Grammar & Drawing, and I will endeavor to have him thoroughly prepared to repeat his course and enter the first year, next Oct well prepared. I am having him recite to Prof Osborne in Mathematics, who will assure you of my earnest desire to

Answered
Feb. 24. 1858

promote the best interest
of my son. If he discontinues
his connection with the
Institute, I fear I shall be dis-
appointed in having him pur-
sue a "Scientific Course."

⊕
Pardon me for troubling
you with this communication, but
if you will be kind enough to
present my earnest desire to the
Faculty, to have my request granted
I will be under very great obligation,
and can with confidence assure
you, they will have no cause to regret
it. I am very truly your most Obt.

A. L. Ducklee

7
1. Temple place

Boston. Feb. 23. 1848.

Dear Sir -

I have delayed writing
to you concerning the continuance
of your Son at the Institute
until I could confer with
some of the faculty on the
subject, as by the adjournment of
the annual faculty meeting
on Saturday I was deprived
of the opportunity of bringing
the case before formal
action. Such action cannot
be had until next Saturday,
but I think I shall be
sanctioned in permitting you

son to continue in the
school in all the classes of
the 1st year excepting
Chemistry & German. He
will understand & I beg you
to enforce this decision upon
him that this indulgence
is intended only on condition
that he will use all
diligence in his studies

To W. Stearns

Dear Mr. Stearns
School in all the papers of
the 1st year in English
Chemistry & German. I
will understand & I hope you
to inform this time before
know that this indulgence
is intended only to assist
that he will see all the
delogues in his studies

81

x

Boston Feb. 24th 68.

Mr President,

Sir,

I take this opportunity to express my shame and sorrow for what occurred in the Laboratory the other day.

I in an unguarded moment was carried away by my temper for which I most sincerely beg pardon.

Hoping to still remain in the Institute I am willing to be put on trial for good behavior the rest of the term.

Yours very
Respectfully,

B. L. Prescott Jr.

JOINT SELECT COMMITTEE ON RETRENCHMENT.

To Mr. Joseph Rogers
Institute of Technology

Sir:

You will please answer, in writing, the following questions, at your earliest convenience, and return your answers (with such comments on the condition of the civil service, and the best method of making it more effectual, as you may see fit to add) to the undersigned, one of the members of said committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

Respectfully, yours,

T. A. JENCKES,
For Sub-Committee on the Civil Service.

Sir,
This circular is sent to you solely for the purpose of securing to the Committee the benefit of your opinion on the und knice Refer & of such suggestions as you may be pleased to offer in your personal capacity or from your connection with the Eminent Institute of Technology.

Respectfully yours
T. A. Jenckes

Wash DC. Feb 2. 68

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE TWO HOUSES, PASSED BY THE
THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS, IN JULY, 1866.

WHEREAS the financial condition of the United States demands the exercise of a rigid economy in all departments of the government, in order to sustain the credit of the nation and to relieve the people at the earliest possible day from the burden of excessive taxation; and whereas there is reason to believe that in many departments of the service abuses have for a long time existed, and still exist, in the perpetuation of useless offices and sinecures, in extravagant salaries and allowances, and in other unnecessary and wasteful expenditures: Therefore—

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, That a joint select committee be appointed, to consist of three members of the Senate and five members of the House, to be styled "the Joint Select Committee on Retrenchment;" that said committee be instructed to inquire into the expenditures in all the branches of the service of the United States, and to report whether any, and what, offices ought to be abolished; whether any, and what, salaries or allowances ought to be reduced; what are the methods of procuring accountability in public officers or agents in the care and disbursement of public moneys; whether moneys have been paid out illegally; whether any officers or agents or other persons have been or are employed in the service without authority of law, or unnecessarily; and generally how, and to what extent, the expenses of the service of the country may and ought to be curtailed. *And also to consider the expediency of so amending the laws under which appointments to the public service are now made as to provide for the selection of subordinate officers after due examination by proper boards; their continuance in office during specified terms, unless dismissed upon charges preferred and sustained before tribunals designated for that purpose; and for withdrawing the public service from being used as an instrument of political or party patronage;* and inquire into the accounts and statements in reference to the government debt, and the management thereof, and the mode of depositing and keeping of the public money, and all accounts relating thereto. That said committee be authorized to sit during the recess of Congress; to send for persons and papers, and to report by bill or otherwise; and that said committee may appoint a clerk for the term of six months, and no more.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE FORTIETH CONGRESS, MARCH, 1867.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, That the Joint Select Committee on Retrenchment, raised by a concurrent resolution of the two Houses at the first session of the Thirty-ninth Congress, be, and the same is hereby, revived and continued for and during the Fortieth Congress, with all and the same powers and duties appertaining thereto in said Thirty-ninth Congress, and with power to appoint a clerk, and with power in its members to administer oaths; and that any vacancies in said committee be filled by the presiding officer of each House, respectively.

By a resolution adopted July 19, 1867, one Senator and two Representatives were added to the committee, which consists of—

Senators.

EDMUNDS,
WILLIAMS,
PATTERSON, of N. H.,
BUCKALEW.

Representatives.

VAN WYCK, JENCKES,
RANDALL, BENJAMIN,
WELKER, BENTON.
HALSEY,

At a meeting of the Joint Select Committee on Retrenchment, held in the City of Washington, July 20, 1867, it was, on motion,

Ordered, That so much of the inquiries referred to this committee as relates to the mode of appointments to the public service and the abolition of useless offices be committed to a sub-committee consisting of Senator Williams, Representative Jenckes, and Senator Patterson.

*The Committee would like to have your views on this subject
submitted within the scope of the following interrogatories*

3

QUESTIONS.

1. Are you in the civil service of the United States, and if so, in what official capacity?
2. When did you enter upon the duties of your office?
3. State whether you have served in any other office or offices, and what offices, and during what period or periods of time?
4. What was your employment before your appointment to your present office, and before entering the service of the United States?
5. Have you received a collegiate education, and if so, state where and when; and if not, state where and how you received your education?
6. Previous to entering the civil service, were you examined with regard to your qualifications for the place to which you were appointed; if so, state when, where, and by whom; relate the full particulars of such examination?
7. What evidence of your qualifications was submitted to the appointing power other than such examination?
8. By whom was your appointment made, and by whom were you recommended for the office you now hold?
9. State the annual income of your present office, and whether it is a larger or less sum than your income previous to your appointment?
10. Had you ever pursued any course of study with a view of fitting yourself for the duties of the office you now hold, or of any office you have held under the Government of the United States; if so, state where, when, and with whom?
11. Is there any printed book or manual which sets forth the duties of your office; if so, name it, and refer to the portions of it relating to such duties?
12. To whom do you make report concerning the performance of the duties of your office, and at what times, and what is the nature of the reports? Describe particularly the character of such reports, and if the last which you have made is in print, annex a copy, and if not, state where it can be found?
13. How many hours in each day, on an average, are you actually employed in the service of the Government, and what are your office hours?
14. What number of persons are under your official control; into how many classes are they divided, and what is the number of each class; and how many are employed permanently, and how many temporarily?
15. State the character of the employment of each class, and how many hours each day they are employed?
16. State the number of applications for employment in subordinate offices you have received since you have been in office, and what number of these have been successful, and how many have been rejected?
17. Have those who have received appointments under you given evidence of their fitness for such employment by any test examination; if so, state the number of those who have been examined, the offices to which they have been appointed; and state by whom such examination was conducted, what subjects it embraced, and what standard, if any, was adopted as the test of fitness for the employment to which the appointment was made?
18. State whether any persons have been appointed to the subordinate offices under you without examination; and if so, how many, and to what offices, and whether they are still in the service, and upon what recommendation or supposed qualification such appointments were made?
19. State the previous occupation of your subordinates, and whether any of them pursued any course of study before appointment with the special view of qualifying them for the service, or whether they were taken indiscriminately from the various employments of civil life?
20. How many among your subordinates have been appointed for merit and qualification alone, without political or personal influence, and without regard to political or personal considerations?
21. What is the usual mode of application; how supported, and how urged?
22. Are the recommendations of the personal and political friends of the applicant preserved and placed on file?
23. State how many of your subordinates have served in the Union armies; how many have been connected with the press in any capacity; and whether there are not different grades of efficiency among them in the same class?

24. State how many have been appointed within two years; how many more than two years and within four years; how many more than four years and within six years; how many more than six years and within ten years; how many more than ten years and within fifteen years; and how many above fifteen years?

25. State how many are under twenty-five years of age; how many over twenty-five and under thirty; how many over thirty and under forty; how many over forty and under fifty; how many over fifty and under sixty; how many over sixty?

26. State what number have been removed since you have been in office, and what portion of these removals have been for political considerations?

27. State whether there is any system of promotion among your subordinates, and if so, what it is based upon; what are its rules; how are they applied; and who has the final decision upon any question of promotion?

28. State whether there is among your subordinates, or in your department, any rule constantly acted upon by which merit shall be advanced, and which will insure a career in your particular branch of service to any deserving person who enters the lowest grade?

29. State whether you have not known meritorious persons to be discharged, and their places to be filled by others not before in the service, who have been backed by political influence?

30. Have you not known such new recruits to be placed over the heads of meritorious persons already in the service?

31. Between what ages do you find your subordinates most diligent and efficient?

32. What classes of appointees do you find the least diligent and efficient?

33. Suppose all new appointments were to be made in the lowest grade only, and out of candidates who shall give evidence of their fitness for appointment by passing a rigid test examination conducted by competent persons, and that no promotions should be made to a higher grade unless the candidates for promotion should pass a similar test examination for such higher grade, would not the efficiency of the service be thereby increased?

34. Could not an equal amount of work be accomplished under such a system by a less number of persons than are now employed?

35. If the employment was assured and certain, and promotions granted only to seniority or merit, and no discharge permitted except for cause, could not a higher grade of talent and a better quality of persons be induced to enter the government service?

36. Are there any females among your subordinates? If so, state what proportion their compensation bears to that of males for the same service, whether they compare favorably or not with males for diligence, attention, and efficiency, and whether the general efficiency of the class would not be improved by a system of appointment for competency alone, and promotion from merit or seniority, or retention in office during good behavior?

37. State any matters which in your judgment would tend to make the civil service more efficient and economical?

J
1. Temple place

Boston March 17. 68

My Dear Prof.

I was sorry to hear from
Prof. Storer some days ago
that from ill-health &
other causes you would
probably be disinclined to
give the Short Course on
Organic Chem., which
was so very acceptable
last year.

I would not urge
you to undertake the
task unless consistent
with your health.

I can only say that
your aid in this way
would be highly appreciated
by the faculty as well
as students.

Be good enough
to let me know

Your decision as
early as convenient
as in either event
it will be necessary
to make a change
in the studies of the
Chem. Class.

Believe me
Very truly yours
William B Rogers

Prof. C. W. Warren.

To Prof: Warren,

Brooklyn

X
Brookline, 18th March, 1868.

Prof. Rogers

My dear Sir:-

I thank you for your very kind favor of yesterday.

I feel compelled to say, in reply, that my health is not such as to justify me in giving any encouragement of being able to give a course of lectures this Spring. I regret this the more since you have given me the assurance that my lectures last year were accepted and useful; for I have had some misgivings with regard to their usefulness.

Perhaps I may have expected too much from them.

It is not so much a question with me whether I shall be able to perform during the time an amount of labor equivalent to that involved in such a course of lectures, as with regard to my ability to do this at the stated

times required without injury ^{to myself}.

As I told Prof. Storer, it may injure one more to work an hour when ill than 10 hours in health. I shall have remaining still an excess of such tasks as cannot be deferred.

I hope I may be pardoned for not communicating earlier with you on this subject. Indecision, in the hope that my health might improve, is my excuse.

Knowing that Prof. Storer was already over-tasked in consequence of the absence of Prof. Eliot, it has been with extreme reluctance that I have been forced to adopt a course that would tend to place ^{an} additional burden upon him. To avoid this I was intending this day - had I not rec^d your note - to suggest that, if agreeable to the faculty, Mr. Crafts should be solicited to give the course on Organic Chemistry, at my expense: - for I am sensible that the Institute is not

in a financial condition to justify its incurring such an expenditure at this time. I shall be very glad if this arrangement can be made.

I am of the opinion that Mr. Crafts would give a course highly acceptable to the faculty & students. Of a short course that he gave in Cambridge he remarked to me that he did not succeed in making them sufficiently elementary: - that he could do better the next time. From this experience he would doubtless gain advantage in his next course.

In conclusion I assure you, Sir, that it is anything but agreeable to me to occupy a position, the duties devolving upon which I am unable to perform.

Very truly yours

C. M. Warren

Prof. Wm B. Rogers.

From Prof. Warren,

Brookland

North Abington Mar 19, 1868.

My Dear Sir,

I here introduce
my son DeForest to you,
I could not go to the
City to day myself, but
suppose it will make no
difference, I feel very
desirous that D. may be
thoroughly educated at
your school, & if the way
can be open I shall be
truly thankful.

Yours with much
Esteem, B. Dodge
Pastor of North Congⁿ
Church. Abington



HAMILTON COLLEGE.

Clinton, Oneida County, N. Y.

March 21, 1868.

Prof. William B. Rogers.

Cor. Sec. Am. Acad. of Arts & Sciences.

Dear Sir,

I have the pleasure of acknowledging
the receipt of the "Proceedings of the American
Academy of Arts and Sciences" from Feb. 13, 1866,
to June 11, 1867. (pp 97 to 344) for Hamilton
College; for which please accept our
thanks.

I observe one slight error which

perhaps you will allow me to notice. In the
tribute to the memory of our deceased associate
on page 299 you ~~have~~ ^{give} the name of Dr. Mussey
as Reuben Dunand Mussey. It should be
Reuben Diamond Mussey. →

With great regards, I remain Dear Sir,

Very Respectfully Yours,

S. G. Brown,

Per. →

perhaps you have a copy of the
subject of the hearing of the
at May 1900 in the
in the case of the
Richard D. ...
Richard D. ...
will be ...
Richard D. ...

10/

x

3 Flubeta Square - New 30. '68

My Dear Mr. Rogers,

A friend of mine who, partly in consequence of my recommendation, sent a box to your Institute, complains that the papers in Chemistry are excessively long. According to his representations they are so. - With your pardon may write to you upon the subject, and see that the matter be put right.

Very sincerely

Yours

Geo. B. Emerson

G. B. Emerson

BRITISH ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SCIENCE.

Meeting at Norwich, 1868.

March 1868

Sir I have the honour of informing you that the next Meeting of the British Association will be held at Norwich, beginning on the 19th of August next, under the Presidency of J. D. Hooker, F.R.S. G.E.L. & P.L.S. F.L.S. of Gen.

The fact that Norwich has never before been visited by the Association, & its peculiar geological features, with its easy access from London, the Universities, and the Continent, are likely to combine to render the

meeting one of great interest.

I am directed by the Local Executive Committee to express a hope that you may be able to be present at the meeting, and I will endeavour to make such provision for your reception as may induce you to attend, only requesting that you will inform me at an early period whether it is your intention to be present. As soon as I hear from you, I will again communicate with you as to the means of transit whether from London, or from Warwick direct from the Continent, and also as to the private hospitality or lodgings provided for you

Should you be desirous of communicating any paper, you will be pleased to inform me of it at your early convenience.

I am, Dear Sir
Your faithful servant
J.rompton
Local Secretary,

Prof W B Rogers

11/

Mass Inst of Technology
Boston April 1, 1868

Dear Mr President.

I have finished my Lowell Course upon the Calculus, and am happy to be able to send you the enclosed, signed by those who attended to the end & feel that they were benefited by the Course.

After completing the Differential, we took up the elementary & more practical parts of the Integral Calculus, and dwelt especially upon the fundamental idea that it is simply the summation of a series of an infinite number of terms, & that when the law

of the sine is known, the summation can in many cases be completely effected, and in any case to any desired degree of approximation.

We then gave the class the idea of coordinates, and deduced the equations of the straight line and all the Conic sections, and closed by applying the Calculus to finding tangents, normals, rectifications, Quadratures, Cubatures, &c of these curves, and the surfaces and Solids generated by their revolutions
I am happy to be able to

say that over two thirds of those who began the course announced to the end

When the very inadequate preference given of the class is considered, I think you will agree with me that the effort should not, at any rate, be considered a failure.

Ever truly faithfully
D. D. Runwell

President Rogers

I can help to all
the surface and shall see
at once, as of the curve, and
rectification, Quadrature, Cub
finding tangents, Normals,
I applying the Calculus to
Curves, and about
straight line, and all the
theorems of Conic Sections, and all
the theorems of the class the
of Algebra

any case to any desired degree
I can help to all
the surface and shall see
at once, as of the curve, and
rectification, Quadrature, Cub
finding tangents, Normals,
I applying the Calculus to
Curves, and about
straight line, and all the
theorems of Conic Sections, and all
the theorems of the class the
of Algebra

the curve is known, the curve
Quadrature can be many cases
I can help to all

Jamaica Plain

April 4th 1868

Prof W. B. Rogers

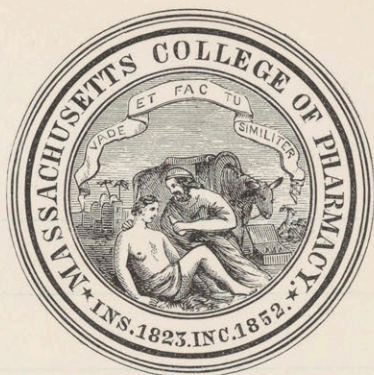
Dear Sir,

As soon as I can get from the family of Dr Dana some of the items respecting his early life I will endeavor to make out a suitable obituary notice.

The amount of time that I have at my own disposal is very limited, and I have no facility of composition. You will therefore I hope have patience and allow as much time as possible.

Respectfully yours

John M. Ordway



Boston April 4th 1868.

Prof. Wm. B. Rogers

Pres. Mass. Institute of Technology.

Dear Sir

At the annual meeting of
the Mass. College of Pharmacy the following vote
was passed

" Voted

That the thanks of the Mass College of
Pharmacy, be tendered to the officers of the Mass.
Institute of Technology; for their kindness, in
allowing us the use of their lecture room, for our
course of Lectures on Chemistry"

Very respectfully yours
Geo. F. H. Maskeo.

Cor. Sec. M. C. P.

April 4th 1868

141

Boston April 11th 1868

(X)

Dear Sir

Yours of the 10th inst
is rec'd & I have this morning
paid \$18,800 to Mr Endicott.
to be devoted to the support
of the Professorship of Geology.
I am sorry to hear that you
are unwell with hopes of
your speedy recovery I
am

Very truly
Wm. P. Mason

Prof W B. Rogers
No 2 Temple Place

Mr. W. P. Mearns



BOSTON, April 6 1868.

At a meeting of the Government of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology held April 1. 1868 the President made a formal communication to the effect that the late William Powell Mason Esq. has in his will bequeathed to the Institute a legacy of twenty thousand dollars, the Annual income of which was to be appropriated towards the support of ^{such} Professorship in the Institute as might be designated ~~by~~ jointly by his Son Wm P. Mason Jr. & Prof. Wm B. Rogers. He further stated that the executors Messrs. Wm P. Mason Jr. Parker had recently advised of their readiness to pay over said legacy at such time as the Institute should signify its readiness to receive the same. Where upon it was voted that the Govt, in behalf of the Institute, gratefully accepts the legacy of the late Mr. Mason as a generous & timely contribution to the resources of its School of Instruction as well as a gratifying ~~mark~~ token of the

Program of the first Project in the Application of Descriptive Geometry to the Arts.

Intersection of a Surface of Revolution by a Plane.

A torus the radii of whose generating and directing circles are respectively r and R and the distances of whose centre from the planes of projection a and b , is intersected by a plane. This plane has a declivity t ; its horizontal trace making an angle α with the ground line, is at a distance d from the axis of the torus. (a = distance above H.P. b = dist. in front V.P.)

The students will present,

- 1st A drawing containing the two projections of the intersection of the plane with the torus, with one or more tangents to the limiting curve. The section should be colored according to the conventional tint.
 - 2nd A drawing containing the curve and its tangents in their own plane.
 - 3rd A memoir, explaining fully the principles and processes of the solution, the method in detail for tracing upon the solid in relief the curve of intersection, for cutting the solid, and for testing the accuracy of the section. [The pattern for verification should be constructed from the 2nd drawing.]
- The students will use the following numerical data in alphabetical order.

R =	2.16	2.24	2.32	2.16	2.24	2.32	2.16	2.24	2.32
r =	1.12	1.20	1.28	1.28	1.20	1.12	1.20	1.12	1.20
α =	45°	46°	47°	48°	49°	45°	46°	47°	48°
t =	0.5		a = 2.00		b = 4.00				

W. Watson Prof.

" — And had sent forth a Project!"
Miss Imp. Mrs. Watson Ph. D.

x
Attention!

General Order No. 4.

It has been announced by the President of the Faculty that continued absence from drill is likely to lead to the expulsion of the offender.

All members of the Battalion who are habitually absent from drill will be held responsible before the President for so doing.

Captains of companies will report unnecessary absences to the commanding officer.

Per order Maj. J. A. Osgood

Wm Jayon 1st Lt. and Adj.

April 24th 1868. G.O.T.B.

1. Temple place

Boston June 29. 18

Wm. W. Beckwith & Son, Jr.

Dear Sir:

In the accompanying
 Catalogue & Programme of the
 Institute of Technology, I
 beg to refer you to page
 27 for an enumeration
 of the Degrees or Diplomas
 established in the School
 & to the preceding pages
 for the Courses of Study
 appropriated to each.

In the petition which

by the advice of
Judge Bigelow, Mr.
Ingersoll Bowditch &
other members of the
Gov^y of the Institute I
have drawn up &
placed in your hands,
I have omitted to
specify the Degrees
supposing this to be
unnecessary.

The examinations
of our fourth year
class will begin
next ^{Saturday} & continue until

past the Middle of May.
Some tuition or more
of the Candidates will pass
the Ordeal & will do
credit to the Degrees
to which they aspire.

I feel it to be but
just to them & to the
thorough Course of Studies
which the Institute is
labouring to establish, that
we should have granted
us the usual formal
authority for conferring
the appropriate Degrees.
With great respect - I
am dear Sir yours truly
William B. Rogers.

To Recd, H. Dene,

Labour Petition
for Authority to
Grant Degrees

Peabody Institute.

Baltimore May 16th 1868.

Prof. Wm. B. Rogers.

Dear Sir,

The third annual course of lectures before the Peabody Institute of this city will commence about the middle of November, and will be given on Tuesday and Thursday evenings of each week, in courses of from two to four lectures. The price paid for each lecture is \$100, the lecturer to pay his own personal expenses; and an allowance of \$12.50 per lecture is made for the use of diagrams, maps, &c. when employed to illustrate the subject. The Institute pays for the transportation of all apparatus needed. The lectures are to be of a popular character, and the Charter of the Institute prohibits all sectarian discussions and party politics.

Will you consent to deliver a course of four lectures on some branch of Geology? We have already had a course of lectures on the Coal Formation, and do not think it desirable to discuss that subject so soon again. Any other branch of the general subject which you may consider suitable and interesting to a mixed audience will be agreeable to us.

An early answer is desired.

Yours, respectfully,
N. H. Morison,
Provost.

[Faint, illegible handwriting on aged paper]



164 Tremont St ^x

May 16th 68.

My dear Sir,

I take the liberty to enclose Anely's letter to you, as it contains, very simply, the expression of his wishes.

If it is possible without impropriety, to comply with his request I hope that you will allow him to graduate with his class, & for this purpose it seems he can have a few days "leave" from the Superintendent at West Point.

If not too much trouble will you have the kindness to write a line to Anely on the subject.

Very truly yours

L B Russell.

Prof Rogers.

J. LeBaron Russell
Answered
My Lo.

J. E. Thayer & Bro. ^(X)
 Boston May 18, 1868

My dear Sir

I enclose you check
 for 587.50 \$ — —

I am sorry that I cannot
 be at the meeting tomorrow,
 but am just starting on a
 journey west, to be absent
 some three weeks —

Yrs truly

J. E. Thayer

Prof. Rogers

NEW YORK, May 29th, 1868.

Prof. William B. Rogers

DEAR SIR:

The lack of any means of easy intercourse and free communication, and consequently of united effort and mutual support, has been felt for some years past by men of letters, artists, and scientific men in the United States. They constantly find themselves reminded of this lack by their weakness as a class, because although a class they are not a body with a recognized organization. Scattered over a wide expanse of country, they are, from this dispersion and this want, no less morally than physically isolated. There is no authority other than the temporary and shifting, although in some respects valuable one, of public opinion, by which their claims may be passed upon,—no tribunal of their peers or of those of their own class to whose experience and judgment they would willingly defer,—no representative council, the stamp of whose approval would be acknowledged by the public as well as by themselves.

From the lack of such a centre of union, of communication and of combined action, they, and with them the cause of truth and knowledge, and the public welfare, suffer.

In the hope, therefore, of compassing these objects, we propose to establish a National Institute of Letters, Arts, and Sciences upon a plan outlined in a Constitution accompanying this Circular.

We respectfully and earnestly ask your co-operation in this undertaking, and the honor of your presence at a meeting to be held at the Mott Memorial Library, No. 58 Madison Avenue, New York, on Thursday evening, June 11th, at 8 o'clock; and also that you will be one of a few gentlemen who will unite to form the nucleus of an Academy of *the Natural Sciences*.

The favor of a reply is requested, to be addressed to DR. WM. A. HAMMOND, No. 162 West Thirty-fourth street, New York, in which it is hoped that you will signify your concurrence in the proposed Constitution, and give authority to Dr. Hammond to sign it on your behalf.

WILLIAM ADAMS,
HORATIO ALLEN,
WILLIAM H. APPLETON,
HENRY JAMES ANDERSON,
WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT,
FREDERICK A. P. BARNARD,
HENRY BERGH,
J. CARSON BREVOORT,
WILLIAM T. BLODGETT,
HENRY WARD BEECHER,
GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS,
FRANK P. CHURCH,
CHARLES A. DANA,
CHARLES P. DALY,
THEODORE W. DWIGHT,
JOHN C. DALTON,
MORGAN DIX,
WILLIAM E. DODGE, JR.,
CHARLES WYLLYS ELLIOTT,
DAVID DUDLEY FIELD,
AUSTIN FLINT,

AUSTIN FLINT, JR.,
HAMILTON FISH,
ISAAC FERRIS,
HORACE GREELEY,
REGIS GIGNOUX,
ANDREW H. GREEN,
DANIEL HUNTINGTON,
FLETCHER HARPER,
JOHN T. HOFFMAN,
THOMAS HICKS,
WILLIAM A. HAMMOND,
JOHN JAY,
JOHN TAYLOR JOHNSTON,
CHARLES A. JOY,
CHARLES P. KIRKLAND,
LE GRAND LOCKWOOD,
A. A. LOW,
FRANCIS LIEBER,
MANTON MARBLE,
JOHN S. NEWBERRY,
FRED. LAW OLMSTED,
HORATIO POTTER,

WILLARD PARKER,
ALFRED PELL,
ALFRED C. POST,
HENRY J. RAYMOND,
LEWIS M. RUTHERFURD,
SAMUEL B. RUGGLES,
MARSHALL O. ROBERTS,
ISAAC SHERMAN,
HORATIO SOUTHGATE,
GEORGE T. STRONG,
JACKSON S. SCHULTZ,
JOHN D. SHERWOOD,
CLARENCE A. SEWARD,
SAMUEL J. TILDEN,
JOHN TORREY,
CHARLES TRACY,
WILLIAM H. VAN BUREN,
GULIAN C. VERPLANCK,
HORACE WEBSTER,
WILLIAM H. WEBB,
RICHARD GRANT WHITE.

[mc 1 4:59]

X

Meeting of Faculty Jan 1,

1868

1. Colburn, Ref. to Pres.

Recommended him to enter the 3rd year
next spring. He cannot go on with the 4th
year with any prospect of grad. Else he
may enter as Special.

2. Gillett - & Talk to him

3. See Picking about Nichols
& Saltmarsh Shall they be conducted.

4. Tebbets about preparing for
the exam's before entry 4th?

5. Howdike not allowed to
enter 4th year. Talk recommended
not to withdraw him from the
School.

6. Toyon not allowed to enter
the 4th year as regular student -
Recommended to enter the 3rd year as a
regular student in the Dept. of Civ.
Engineering. He ought to study up
his German.

7. Whitaker to make up his German
at Lowell under Prof. Andrews
Moody writes to Whitaker recommending him to
study up in Lowell on German.

8. Stevens

9. Burns agreed to withdraw.

10. Butler ...

11. Lincoln Cabot - Card in form: sent.

12. Chapman - Card in form
Recommended to enter the 1st year
again.

Francis C. Condition in Mathematics 2nd yr
13. Chas. ~~Condition in Mathematics~~
recommends to take 1st year -

70 40 30 75 50 57 45 29 15:
Des. Sem Eng Chem Phys Met. Sem Prog. Draw
Address of Lenox. Write to appoint
meeting. Mr. Osborne, think he wants math
faculty. Ask his attack, previous training.

14. A. Clark - recommends to go over the
1st year.
15. Coolidge - to be withdrawn -

16. Fay... Condition in Trigonometry

17. E. C. Foster Condition in Trigonometry

18. Joseph S. Francis recommends to repeat the
1st year course.

19. French ^{requires} to take his 1st year again,
cannot take the 2nd.

20. Gley... cannot take the 2nd year, recommends
to take the 1st.

21. Gibbs... Condition in Des. Sem. - & ~~Math~~ Chemistry

22. Herrick... cannot go on take the regular
2nd year. recommends to take a special course

23. Horne... ^{requires} to take 1st year again,

24. Hunt " " "

25. Johnson " " "

26. Kollage recommends " "

27. Piki Condition in Chemistry.

28. Reed " "

29. Smelan recommends to go back with 1st
or to be condition in his Mathematics -

Refer to President -
Appoint a meeting soon. See his address
for Kneeland.

30. Condition W. W. Brett Condition in Chem.
& Trigonometry

31. Sprague Condition in German & Des. Sem

32. W. H. Stearns - ^{requires} to
go back to the 1st year.

33. Thelcher... ^{requires} to re-enter the 1st year.

34. Warren... requires to take 1st year again.

Meeting June 2, 1858.

Secy. read a detailed report of the proceedings of
Salary May 30.

Secy. read report of June 1.

35. Bolton... ^{requires} to take the 2nd year again

36. Buckingham... repeat the 2nd year - or to take
a special course

37. G. L. Clark... to repeat the 2nd year.

38. S. S. Gray... Condition in Physics & Geometry

39. Jos. H. Leonard... Condition in ^{about} Analytic Geometry (25)
& Chemistry (30). To take some special course
Refer to President -

40. V. B. Good up? to Pass - will take Metallurgy

41. Ritchie -

Gen	Fr	Eng	Ar	Des. Sem	Med. D.	Chem	Phys.	Fr. Lit	Et
55	35	35	34	60	37	44	88		

Advis to a very special course
or to put him in his shop. Plan D. 50.

42. Sanford... requires to repeat 2nd year course

43. Stevens... requires to be withdrawn.

44. Weiss... requires to repeat the 2nd year.

45. Frank Wally recommends to take regular 2nd year.

46. Whitney... Condition in German & Chemistry

47. Whittlesea... recommends to repeat 2nd year
or condition in German French
Astronomy -

C. H. Bateman

48. D. W. Willard - Conditions in Chemistry

49. Wagon - Andrew Hays May to get him some A. Chem. employ^t.

Conversations with Colburn - Nichols (44) - S. C. Marsh who here all badly prepared at the late exam. in Physics,

(1) W. Child's work very to thirty up to; Mathematics during the summer to be over, next Sept. He is 19 years of age, & has resolved to do his best. Is working at home on the farm.

(2) Can W. Colburn be admitted as 3rd or 4th year student in Architecture - accepting the previous studies as a sufficient preparation. Should he take the 3rd year again, I have agreed to abate his fee the half - a re-fee by having him so long with us.
G. D. Colburn. C. F. Honey & C. Sumner¹⁴ 33.

(3) W. Smullen, ^{Algs} } 45. Trigon. 18. Desc. Geom. Says that there must be a mistake in Desc. Geom. Acknowledges feeblem in Algebra & Trigon. - 70. Will make up the conditions this summer - To see Prof. Osborne, about the Geom. &c.

New Haven, Conn.

June 12th 1868

My dear Sir,

You are perhaps aware that the Professorship of Mining in the Scientific School here is not endowed, and that I have been holding the position without salary.

Circumstances connected with my private affairs prevent my longer working without pay and make it necessary for me now to seek some other position either in practical life or

as instructor.

Before doing so I take
the liberty of asking whether,
in the event of Prof. Hague's
prolonged absence or permanent
relinquishment of his position
in the "Institute", there is
any probability of my
services being desired.

It is of course understood
that I am not trying to
deprive Prof. Hague of his
professorship.

I remain, Very truly yours,

Wm. P. Rockwell

10/

Prof. Wm. B. Rogers

Res^{ts} - Mass. Inst. of Tech.

from Prof. Rockwell
Jan 12, 1818.

President.
W. B. ROGERS, 1 Temple Place.

Corresponding Secretary.
SAMUEL ELIOT, 30 Chestnut Street.

Recording Secretary.
F. B. SANBORN, 12 State House.

Treasurer.
JAMES J. HIGGINSON, 40 State St.

19/ (x)
American Social Science Association.

Boston, June 10 1868

To President W. B. Rogers,

My dear Sir, —

At the monthly meeting of directors held today, it was voted that the "Annual meeting in October next, be held in Boston, and that the President be requested to deliver the Annual address." — And I was instructed to communicate the votes to you.

I am sure I need not add, — Since you will know it without my saying so, — that we were very heartily unanimous in our request of you. —

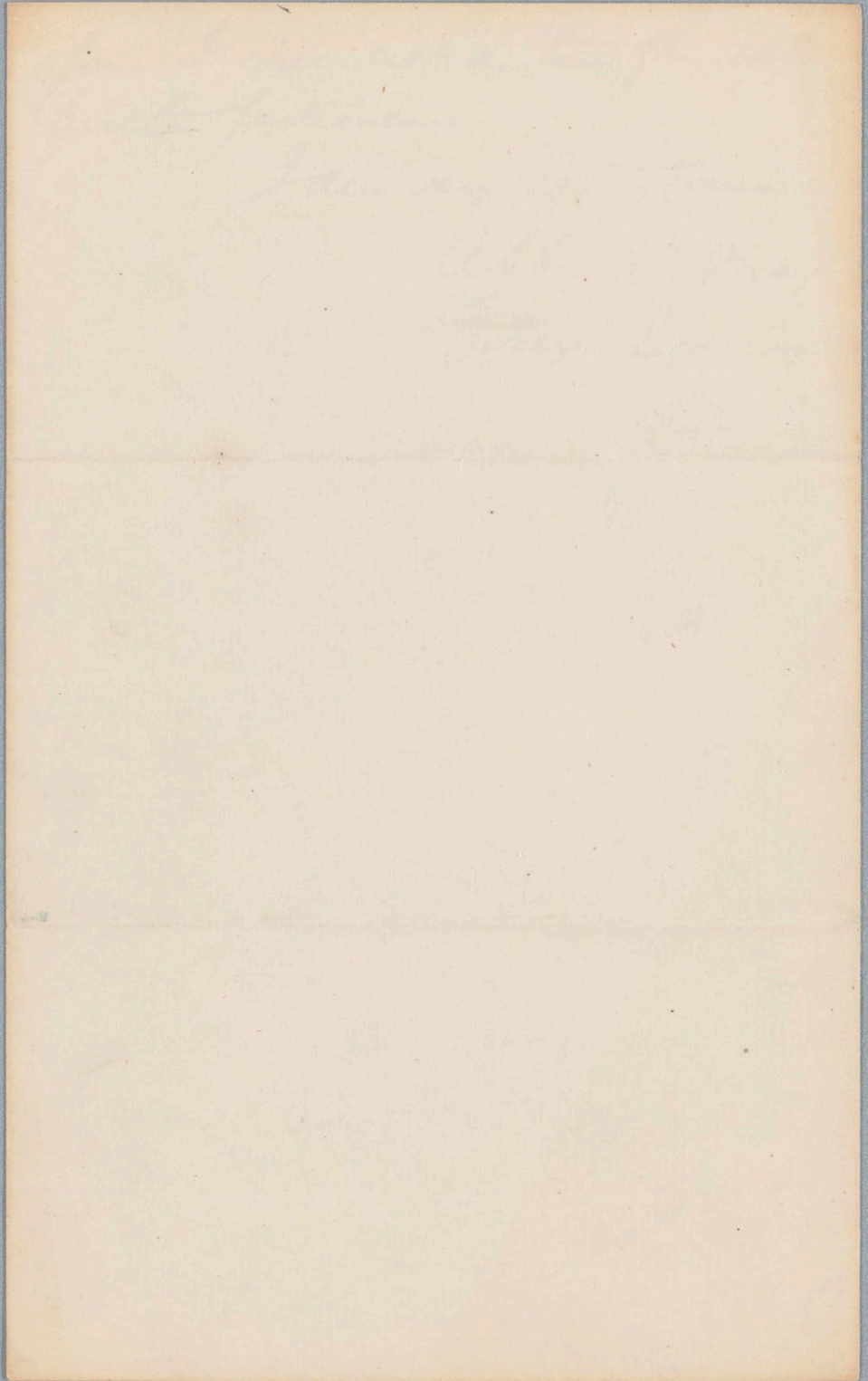
Several other arrangements in reference to the meeting were made, but this is vastly the most important one for us, & as it most personally concerns

For, I will not detain you with
further particulars.

I am very truly yours

Abby W. May

Secy. Lec. Com.



21)
+
Boston June 15 1868

Prof Wm R. Rogers

Dear Sir

The Medals & Diplomas awarded
to Massachusetts contributors to the
Paris Exposition will be officially
delivered by His Excellency on
Thursday evening next at
Music Hall. This is extend
to you a cordial invitation to be
present & briefly address the meeting.
The occasion will be pleasant
one & I sincerely hope you
will consent to be present.
Very truly
J. M. Asher

Dear Sir

Your kind note inviting me to be present
at the delivery of the Medals & Diplomas
known every in the British Isles is just
rec^d. I regret that it will not be in my
power to be with you to join in the
expressions of satisfaction & pride with
which the assembly ~~may~~ will greet each
Trophy of the Mechanical & Industrial
Achievements of the Commonwealth.

But I shall be present in thought &
sympathy, ~~you~~

~~The Rev. J. J. J. J.~~

None who study the exposition could fail
to perceive

While as a Nation the ~~State~~ in the Exposition
was ~~completely~~ ^{very} ~~incomplete~~, showing in many places
little more than hints of what it ~~was~~ ^{was} ~~in~~ ⁱⁿ ~~the~~ ^{the} ~~exhibition~~
~~to display~~, ~~the~~ ~~the~~ ~~where~~ ~~it~~ ~~is~~ ~~to~~ ~~be~~ ~~in~~ ~~the~~ ~~exhibition~~
exhibited, it is gratifying to know that the
more obscure & slender of the American department
has ~~been~~ ^{been} ~~noticed~~ ^{noticed} ~~by~~ ^{by} ~~the~~ ^{the} ~~public~~ ^{public} ~~and~~ ^{and} ~~the~~ ^{the} ~~press~~ ^{press} ~~and~~ ^{and} ~~the~~ ^{the} ~~occasions~~ ^{occasions} ~~it~~ ^{it} ~~is~~ ^{is} ~~grateful~~ ^{grateful}
to ~~see~~ ^{see} ~~and~~ ^{and} ~~on~~ ^{on} ~~the~~ ^{the} ~~occasion~~ ^{occasion} ~~we~~ ^{we} ~~may~~ ^{may} ~~to~~ ^{to} ~~see~~ ^{see}

London, Prof X
 Jun 20. 1848.

My dear Sir

The consequence of my
 absence from Boston & some confusion
 in the household your letter was
 late in coming to hand.

Wish I could hear further
 from Prof. Hagen there but I
 presume he will be taken by
 the fort. of the Inst. in relation
 to the Lect. of Mechanics. But I
 take for granted that a permanent
 appointment will be decided
 rapidly before the beg. of the
 next session so as to secure
 regular instruction in this
 branch Nov., part the
 course.

I hope soon to have
information from Prof
Hayes or his friend's
what will enable to
send you to the Army
the services of the Dept.
on a permanent basis
& should then be an
opportunity to make
I shall give you early
notice of the vacancy.

With kind regards
to Mrs Rockwell I remain

Very truly yours

William B Rogers

Prof. Alfred T. Rockwell

Your friend

Letter to
Prof. Rockwell
June 20. 1868

[Faint, illegible handwriting]

Boston June 27. 1868

Prof Rogers

Dear Sir

Your favor is just received, I thank you for the advice, & kind interest you take in my success -

I like our new room, but have had some doubt about space & were considering the matter of totaling an adjoining room - we are now fully determined
 " to do what I always intended to do, viz to keep a full set; one at least, of everything we make
 As we were situated, our room was part packing room, part work-shop & always dirty & out of order; it must be now only a sample & show room

as packing must be done
in Brooklyn and our mechanical
work must be done there -
Our work shop is all ^{that} we can
wish for, as now arranged

I shall be much happy to
see you at 149 Tremont St.

I want your advice and
I intended to write to ask you
when you will be in the city -
Some time before the Institution
commences ^{to talk with you} again, about Andrew

I am troubled to have him
stand so very low I know it
is difficult for him, ^{to keep up} partly
from a natural timidity - which
many make him appear below
his ~~own~~ position, he is, a
young, but a student - and does
not acquire easily. It was
so with Tom in his school
days, but ^{he} made up for it, by

application & private study. -
As Andrew has decided to
for mechanical work, I have
doubt whether he had better
go into any work shop (as
I look forward to his joining
his brother in any business)
or to go on in the Institute; and
I shall see you and get
your advice before deciding
on his future course. I
shall be very glad to see
you next week, if you
know the day previous, I ~~will~~
be sure to try if you will
drop me a line, that I
may be sure to be in town
I intend to be here every
morning - generally all day,
but for a while may
occasionally be in Brooklyn
& Thinner
Very sincerely yours
E. R. Phelps

From P. S. Ritchie.

[Faint, illegible handwriting, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]

24/

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Executive Department,

Boston, June 29 1868

My dear Sir,

I have the honor
to acknowledge the receipt
of your favor of the 25th
instant. I will place
your letter in the hands
of Maj Morrissey, the
Sergeant at-Arms, and will
request him to attend
upon you and your
friends on

Tuesday July 7th, the day
indicated in your letter.

It is quite likely that I
may be present at that
time myself also.

I am, with great
respect and esteem,

Yours very truly,

Alex. H. Bullock

Prof. Rogers.

For Gen. A. W. Bullock.

[1867-68]

Mass: Institute of Technology.

The Annual examination of the Students, ~~of the~~ which has begun with some of the Classes early in May, terminated on the 30th of the Month, and the Institute is now closed for the vacation. We learn that though the expectations were regarding the Students, in general, ~~regarded themselves~~ ^{satisfactorily}.

This Session will be memorable as the first in which examinations for Degrees were held. Fortunate of the Students, most of whom joined the School on its first opening, have passed the long ordeal of their graduating examinations with success. They are expected each to furnish during the Summer a thesis to be approved by the faculty, and on to receive their Degrees in due form at or near the opening of the next Session.

Their Names and the Department, in which they have passed their examinations, are as follows.

X

Prof. Walter J. Eckhardt

Milicey of the
Price & Grade Barn

of 1882 S.

[Faint, mostly illegible handwriting covering the majority of the page, likely bleed-through from the reverse side.]